

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 2015/830 (REACH)

 Date of issue:
 27/09/1999
 Version: 10.0

 Revision date:
 03/08/2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

 Chemical type
 : Substance

 Name
 : Benzene

 Trade name
 : Benzene

 EC index no
 : 601-020-00-8

 EC no
 : 200-753-7

 CAS No
 : 71-43-2

REACH registration No. : 01-2119447106-44-0040

 Product code
 : 11010043

 Local code
 : 11010043

 IUPAC
 : benzene

 Chemical name
 : benzene

 Formula
 : C6H6

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Manufacture of substance

Formulation of substance Distribution of substance Use as an intermediate

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No relevant data available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SLOVNAFT, a.s. VIčie hrdlo 1

824 12 Bratislava - Slovakia

T +421-(0)2/4055-1111 - F +421-(0)2/5859-9759 slovnaftreach@slovnaft.sk - www.slovnaft.sk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Podnikový dispečing 1: ++0421(0)2/4055 3344

Podnikový dispečing 2: ++0421(0)2/4055 2244

fax: ++0421(0)2/4055 8047

E-mail: podnikovydispecing1@slovnaft.sk, podnikovydispecing2@slovnaft.sk

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number
SLOVAK REPUBLIC	Národné toxikologické informačné centrum FN s poliklinikou University Hospital Bratislava	Limbová 5 833 05 Bratislava	+421 2 54 77 4 166
HUNGARY	Országos Kémiai Biztonsági Intézet (National Institute of Chemical Safety) Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat (Health Toxicological Information Service)	1437 Budapest PO Box 839 1097 Budapest, Nagyvárad tér 2	+36-80-20-11-99
HUNGARY	Vegyipari Riasztási és Információs Központ (VERIK) FER TŰZOLTÓSÁG ÉS SZOLGÁLTATÓ KFT. (0-24 órás)	OLAJMUNKÁS ÚT. 2. 2433 Százhalombatta	+36-23-551-909
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Belfast Centre) Royal Victoria Hospital	Grosvenor Road BT12 6BA Belfast	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Dudley Road B18 7QH Birmingham	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Cardiff Centre) Gwenwyn Ward, Wolfson Unit	Penarth CF64 2XX Cardiff	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)
United Kingdom	NPIS Edinburgh (Scottish Poisons Information Bureau)0 Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh, Centre Hospitalier Universitaire Bab el Oued	51 Little France Crescent EH16 4SA Edinburgh	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)
United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Centre Hospitalier Universitaire de Constantine	Avonley Road SE14 5ER London	0870 243 2241
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre) Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre	Claremont Place Newcastle-upon-Tyne NE1 4LP Newcastle	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Muta. 1B H340 Carc. 1A H350

STOT RE 1 H372

Full text of classification categories and H statements: see section 16

2.1.2. Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No relevant data available

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H340 - May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)

H350 - May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)

H372 - Causes damage to organs (haematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P301+P310 - If swallowed, immediately call a doctor

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

2.3. Other hazards

No relevant data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name	Product	identifier	% (w/w) Concentration (Fundamental Classification according to Regulation (Education (Ed	
	CAS No	EC no	, ,	
Benzene	71-43-2	200-753-7	>= 99.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350 Muta. 1B, H340 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

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SECT	ON 4:	Firet aid	measures
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4.1. **Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures general

: Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition

including disconnecting electrical supply

Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before

entry into confined spaces

Drench contaminated clothing with water before removing to avoid risk of sparks from static

electricity

First-aid measures after inhalation if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing

If casualty is unconscious and:

Not breathing

Ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained

personnel

If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice

Breathing

Place in the recovery position Administer oxygen if necessary

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do

not resolve

First-aid measures after skin contact Remove contaminated clothing, contaminated footwear and dispose of safely

Wash affected area with soap and water

Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists

Do not wait for symptoms to develop For minor thermal burns, cool the burn

Hold the burned area under cold running water for at least five minutes, or until the pain

subsides

Body hypothermia must be avoided.

First-aid measures after eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so

Continue rinsing

If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a

specialist.

First-aid measures after ingestion : in case of ingestion, always assume that aspiration has occurred

The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital

Do not wait for symptoms to develop

Do not induce vomiting as there is high risk of aspiration Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation Inhalation of vapours may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and an altered state of

consciousness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Symptoms: reddening, irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Slight eye irritation.

Ingestion (swallowing) of this material may result in an altered state of consciousness and loss Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

of coordination.

destroys the foam.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No relevant data available

5.2.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam (trained personnel only). Water fog (trained personnel only). Dry chemical powder.

Carbon dioxide. Other inert gases (subject to regulations). Sand or earth.

Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread Unsuitable extinguishing media the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting

: In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Other information

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate

Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material

Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons

Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots

Work helmet

Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated

Respiratory protection:

a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours/ H_2S , or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so

Avoid direct contact with released material

Stay upwind

In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas

Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel

The feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained,

competent person in charge of managing the emergency

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares

If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations

Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud

formation

If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials

Do not use direct jets

When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No relevant data available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water, or underground spaces (tunnels, cellars, etc.)

Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials

Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal

In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations

In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment

Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents

If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means

Contain spillage - ventilate area and allow to evaporate

The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions

For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No relevant data available

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Obtain special instructions before use. Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding explosive atmospheres, and handling and storage facilities of flammable products, are followed. Risk of explosive mixtures of vapour and air. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with the hot product. Avoid release to the environment. Take precautionary measures against static electricity. Ground/bond containers, tanks and transfer/receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapours. Use adequate personal protective equipment as required. Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.

Handling temperature : 10 - 50 °C

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Light hydrocarbon vapours can build up in the headspace of containers. These can cause flammability / explosion hazards. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Empty containers may contain flammable product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.

Storage conditions

: Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Storage temperature

: 5 - 40 °C

Prohibitions on mixed storage

: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: (strong) acids. (strong) bases. Halogens. Heat sources.

Oxidizing agents. Peroxides.

Storage area

: Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Store separately from oxidising agents.

Special rules on packaging

: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Protect from the sunlight.

Packaging materials

Recommended materials: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This substance is handled under Strictly Controlled Conditions in accordance with REACH regulation Article 17(3) for on-site isolated intermediates. in case the substance is transported to other sites for further processing, the substance should be handled at these sites under the Strictly Controlled Conditions as specified in REACH regulation Article 18(4). Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site. Written confirmation of application of Strictly Controlled Conditions has been received from every affected Distributor and Downstream Processor/User of the Registrant's intermediate.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Benzene (71-43-2)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	3.25 mg/m ³
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	16.25 mg/m ³
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	5 ppm

Benzene (71-43-2)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	234 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	3.25 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	0.234 mg/kg bodyweight	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	0.00325 mg/m³	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	1.9 mg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1.9 mg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		

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Benzene (71-43-2)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	33 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	4.8 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	39 mg/l	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Where hot product is handled in confined spaces, effective local ventilation must be provided.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Gas mask with filter type A.







Hand protection

: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations.

Eye protection

: If contact is likely, a protection (protective shield and/or safety goggles) should be used.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Coveralls should be changed at the end of the work shift and cleaned as necessary to avoid transfer of product to clothes or underwear.

Respiratory protection

: to avoid respiratory tract irritation inhalation exposure should be kept to a minimum,. If exposure levels cannot be determined or estimated with adequate confidence, or an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used. If necessary, approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used when handling hot product in confined spaces: enclosed face mask with cartridge/filter type "A" or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Change filter cartridge on respirator daily.

Thermal hazard protection

: None in normal conditions.

Environmental exposure controls

: Store finished products in closed containers (e.g., bulk tanks, drums, cans);. Store all VOC-containing wastes in closed, secure containers (e.g., bulk tanks, intermediate bulk containers, drums). Incinerate, absorb, or adsorb vapours stripped from solution whenever necessary. Use vapour recovery units when necessary. Carefully handle the substance to minimise releases.

Consumer exposure controls

Substance registered as Isolated intermediate under SCC). This substance is handled under Strictly Controlled Conditions in accordance with REACH regulation Article 17(3) for on-site isolated intermediates. In case the substance is transported to other sites for further processing, the substance should be handled at these sites under the Strictly Controlled Conditions as specified in REACH regulation Article 18(4). Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site. Written confirmation of application of Strictly Controlled Conditions has been received from every affected Distributor and Downstream Processor/User of the Registrant's intermediate.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liauid Colour Colourless. Odour : aromatic odour. Melting point : 5.49 °C : 80.09 °C Boiling point : - 11 °C Flash point Explosive limits (vol %) : 1.1 - 9.5 vol % Vapour pressure : 10 kPa at 20 °C : 0.8765 g/m3 at 20°C Density Water solubility : 1.88 g/l at 23,5 °C Log Pow : 2.13 at 25 °C

Viscosity : 0.604 mPa.s at 25 °C

9.2. Other information

Auto-ignition temperature

The above data are informative, accurate physical-chemical data of the product are specified on the product certificate.

: 498 °C

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion (incomplete) will likely generate oxides of carbon, sulphur and nitrogen, as well as additional undetermined organic compounds of the same elements.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Benzene (71-43-2)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 20 mg/kg	

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects (Dermal, Inhalation, oral).

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation, oral).

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

opositio target organ textory (emigro exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

: Causes damage to organs (haematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Dermal, Inhalation, oral).

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 fish 1	5.3 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 mg/l
LC50 fish 2	0.8 mg/l
LC50 other aquatic organisms 2	3 mg/l
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	100 mg/l The 24 hour IC50 for nitrification

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Benzene (71-43-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD).

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Benzene (71-43-2)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	1,1 20
Log Pow	2.13 at 25 °C
Log Kow	2.13
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not accumulate in organisms.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Benzene (71-43	3-2)
Mobility in soil	85

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No relevant data available

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Other adverse effects

No relevant data available

CECTION 40-	D:		المستحالة
SECTION 13:	DISDOSA	i considera	uons

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 19 November 2008

on waste and repealing certain Directives. Disposal must be done according to official

regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations. External recovery and recycling of

> waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible

and recommended.

: Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special Sewage disposal recommendations

waste collection point.

Waste disposal recommendations Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Additional information (*) Hazardous waste according to Directive 91/689/EEC. European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): The final user has the responsibility for the attribution of the most

suitable code, according to the actual use(s) of the material, contaminations or alterations.

Hazardous waste. Avoid any discharge of the product into waste water. Disposal in high-Ecology - waste materials

temperature incinerator (> 1200 °C).

EWC (EURAL) code : 07 06 04* - other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors,15 01 10* - packaging

containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / AND

	RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number				
1114	1114	1114	1114	1114
14.2. UN proper shipp	ping name			
BENZENE	BENZENE	BENZENE	BENZENE	BENZENE
Transport document desc	ription			
UN 1114 BENZENE, 3, II, (D/E)	UN 1114 BENZENE, 3, II	UN 1114 BENZENE, 3, II	UN 1114 BENZENE, 3, II	UN 1114 BENZENE, 3, II
14.3. Transport hazar	d class(es)			
3	3	3	3	3
14.4. Packing group				
II	 	 	 	II
II 14.5. Environmental h	nazards			
II 14.5. Environmental h Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
II 14.5. Environmental P Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the
II 14.5. Environmental h Dangerous for the environment : No 14.6. Classification co	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the
II 14.5. Environmental h Dangerous for the environment: No 14.6. Classification co	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the
11.5. Environmental h Dangerous for the environment : No 14.6. Classification co	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the
114.5. Environmental h Dangerous for the environment : No 14.6. Classification co F1 14.7. Hazard identification	Dangerous for the environment : No ode : F1 ation number (Kemler No.)	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3. Liquid substances or mixtures which fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in	Benzene -
Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	benzene
5. Benzene	Benzene -
	benzene
40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids	Benzene -
category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric	benzene
liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC)	
No 1272/2008 or not.	

15.1.2. National regulations

Regional legislation

: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures(CLP), REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 605/2014 of 5 June 2014 amending, for the purposes of introducing hazard and precautionary statements in the Croatian language and its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment : For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

SDS changed items

: Section 7.1 – data correction Section 14 - new design

Data sources

: LOA registration dossier. ESIS: European chemical Substances Information System.

Training advice

Before handling, storing or using the present substance for the first time, employees must be

informed.

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases::

Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure Category 1
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (CLP):

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks No smoking
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P280	Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P301+P310	If swallowed, immediately call a doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product